



(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)  
(Registration number 2006/019240/06)

---

## RISK MANAGEMENT REPORT

---

**DATE OF ISSUE: JUNE 2026**

The Zeder Board of Directors (“board”) acknowledges that it is accountable for Zeder’s process of risk management and systems of internal control.

Although risk management remains the ultimate responsibility of the board, the board has delegated the oversight thereof to the Zeder Audit and Risk committee (“audit and risk committee”), that identify, assess and evaluate risk appetite and risk tolerance levels; measure and monitor management’s actions to mitigate these and/or to accept the level of residual risk or inherent risks; and ensure that good corporate governance is maintained.

On recommendation of the audit and risk committee, the board has decided not to establish an internal audit function at a Zeder level given the nature and extent of its day-to-day activities as an investment holding company, its strong internal control environment and its limited staff complement comprising two employees.

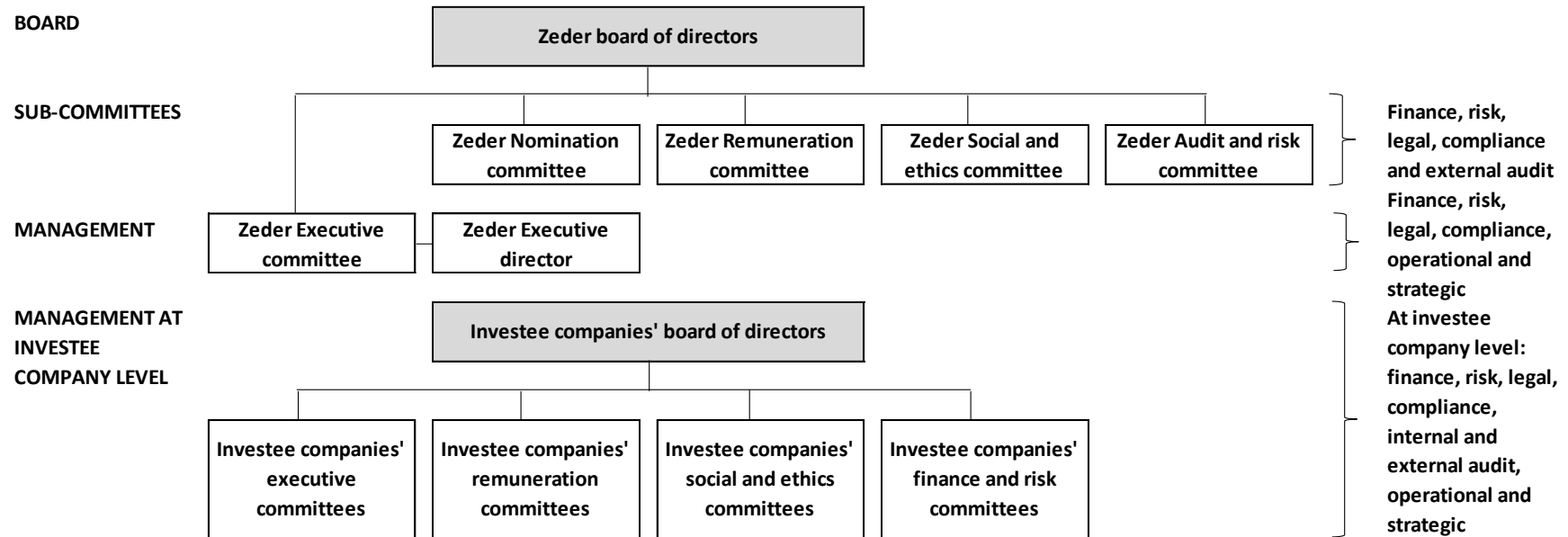
Each investee experiences different risks depending on the nature of their business, the extent of their financial obligations and other resources and aptitudes of its people. Therefore each investee has its own board of directors, as well as its own audit/finance and risk committee, that is responsible for the risk management and systems of internal control of that investee and its business.

The formalised reporting structures established across the group ensure that the audit and risk committee receive bi-annual risk reports from the underlying investees, which considers the material risks that could impact the investee. These risk reports, which are updated on a regular basis, categorise the estimated impact and likelihood of the risks identified by each investee, differentiating between residual risks and inherent risks and advising the board of the controls established or remedial action taken at an investee level to mitigate the risks identified.

Zeder views risk management as a way to ensure that sustainable value is created in a responsible manner for stakeholders.

Detailed risk assessments and management plans have been implemented throughout the group to ensure that risk is properly managed.

Zeder defines the responsibility and accountability for risk management, as illustrated through the following structure:



Employees responsible for finance, risk, legal, compliance and operational functions at Zeder and at investee level, assist their respective management teams and Zeder executives to implement policies, procedures and controls.

Management at investee level and at Zeder, is responsible for identifying risks and to develop and implement policies, procedures and controls to address, manage and reduce these risks to acceptable levels, as well as provide oversight to ensure that adequate policies, procedures and controls are applied.

Internal (where applicable) and external auditors on investee level and at Zeder, is responsible for evaluating, testing and providing assurance to the board and management on the effectiveness of these policies, procedures and controls.

The board, on recommendation by the audit and risk committee, concluded that the risk management process and systems of internal control were effective for the financial year ended 28 February 2026. The board is satisfied that there was no material breakdown in controls at either Zeder or its investees during the past year.

Pursuant to paragraph 11.38(e) of the JSE Limited Listings Requirements (“JSE Listings Requirements”), please find below a description of immediately identifiable material risks at a Zeder level. The risk disclosure contained herein should be read together with Zeder’s 2026 annual report. Zeder’s key risks and mitigating factors are summarised below:

KEY RISK	MITIGATING FACTORS
<p><b>New investment and strategic risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insufficient action taken with regards to underperformance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Skilled board members, with relevant investment management experience.</li> <li>• Skilled and experienced investee personnel, with efficient operational processes and controls.</li> <li>• During Zeder’s value-unlock phase, the focus on remains on the growth, sustainability and liquidity in Zeder's investees, which is in line with Zeder’s strive to meet its objective of maximising wealth through capital appreciation, investment income or both.</li> <li>• Reviewing of management accounts and valuations by the exco in order to evaluate investee’ fair value and investee’s own performance.</li> <li>• Representation by a Zeder executive on underlying investee’s boards and finance and risk committees to help determine and drive strategy and ensure good corporate governance.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Market risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Market changes impact on <i>sum-of-the-parts (“SOTP”) valuation</i> (including financing arrangements) and share price</li> <li>• Interest/exchange rate volatility</li> <li>• Political instability in emerging markets</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitoring of market conditions by management on an ongoing basis.</li> <li>• Thorough review and monitoring of debt/currency/accounting exposures through formalised policy development and implementation.</li> <li>• Country risks mitigated in part by partnering with strategic equity partners.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Funding risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unable to obtain new financing</li> <li>• Covenant breaches</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Zeder currently has no debt obligations.</li> <li>• In event of debt at an investee level, regular monitoring of the gearing levels by the exco.</li> <li>• Monitoring of cash flow forecasts on a 12-month rolling basis by the exco.</li> <li>• In event of debt at an investee level, regular monitoring of financial covenants and relevant forecasts.</li> <li>• In event of debt at an investee level, regular interaction with financiers to discuss future funding needs.</li> </ul>

KEY RISK	MITIGATING FACTORS
<p><b>Accounting and fraud risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inaccurate and unreliable reporting</li> <li>• Management manipulating accounting records in order to overstate assets or inflate earnings</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Honest and hardworking finance team with appropriate skills and experience.</li> <li>• Regular discussions with external auditors regarding the implementation of significant transactions.</li> <li>• Reviewing of significant transaction journal entries by responsible financial managers.</li> <li>• Reviewing of significant transactions for compliance with IFRS by a technical financial manager.</li> <li>• Formal external tax opinions obtained from tax consultants before implementation of significant transactions, and the review of implementation documentation afterwards.</li> <li>• Review of all tax compliance and submissions to SARS by tax consultants.</li> <li>• External technical accounting and tax trainings provided to staff.</li> <li>• Segregation of duties in terms of posting accounting entries/cash management and access to accounting records.</li> <li>• Bi-annual valuation of unlisted investments performed by management and approved by exco and audit and risk committee.</li> <li>• Ethical and visible leadership via governance structures and related processes.</li> </ul>
<p><b>People risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loss of key executives and/or the chairman at Zeder and at investee level</li> <li>• The appointment and retention of suitably skilled and experienced directors and officers possessing the required values and drive</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creation of a positive culture in the work environment.</li> <li>• Promote work/life balance.</li> <li>• Effective functioning of the Zeder Remuneration Committee with appropriate remuneration policies and retention mechanisms in place.</li> <li>• Effective functioning of the Zeder Nomination Committee.</li> <li>• Strong ethical leadership.</li> </ul>

KEY RISK	MITIGATING FACTORS
<p><b>Compliance risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Possible transgression of laws/regulations and/or industry practices that lead to penalties</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ongoing review of areas susceptible to possible transgression by the Financial director and sponsors.</li> <li>• Sponsor team members involved in significant transactions as corporate advisors and make use of independent sponsors when necessary.</li> <li>• Appointment of independent sponsors to comply with the JSE Listing Requirements.</li> <li>• Formal tax opinions obtained from tax consultants before implementation of significant transactions, and the review of implementation documentation afterwards.</li> <li>• Review of all tax compliance and submissions to SARS by tax consultants.</li> </ul>
<p><b>IT risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loss of data</li> <li>• Business continuity risk</li> <li>• Business interruption</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Zeder is not a “live-system” business. Data (e-mails and public drive information) is replicated to an offsite server throughout the day.</li> <li>• Zeder’s IT infrastructure is outsourced to a third-party IT manager, whose responsibility is to ensure that best practices are followed with regards to IT management e.g. software updates, back-ups, hardware management, etc.</li> <li>• Installation of virtual private network functionality on laptops to effectively work from remote locations.</li> <li>• Installation of UPS’ to mitigate the risk of business interruption in case of load-shedding.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Reputational risk</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All the other risks have an indirect bearing on our reputation as a public company listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We believe in open and honest communication and full disclosure to the market, and corporate governance is entrenched in the business.</li> <li>• Closely monitoring shareholder queries/complaints.</li> <li>• Closely monitoring various media sources.</li> <li>• Maintaining good relationships with key media players.</li> </ul>